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TAX COMMISSION AMENDMENTS
2011 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: John L. Valentine
House Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill exempts certain State Tax Commission functions from the Open and Public
Meetings Act.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• exempts the State Tax Commission from the Open and Public Meetings Act when
considering or acting on certain confidential tax matters;
 grants rulemaking authority to the State Tax Commission to establish procedures
and requirements related to a meeting that is not open to the public; and
makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
52-4-103 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 35 and 45
ENACTS:
59-1-405 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 52-4-103 is amended to read:

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30	52-4-103. Definitions.
31	As used in this chapter:
32	(1) "Anchor location" means the physical location from which:
33	(a) an electronic meeting originates; or
34	(b) the participants are connected.
35	(2) "Convening" means the calling of a meeting of a public body by a person
36	authorized to do so for the express purpose of discussing or acting upon a subject over which
37	that public body has jurisdiction or advisory power.
38	(3) "Electronic meeting" means a public meeting convened or conducted by means of a
39	conference using electronic communications.
40	(4) (a) "Meeting" means the convening of a public body, with a quorum present,
41	including a workshop or an executive session whether the meeting is held in person or by
42	means of electronic communications, for the purpose of discussing, receiving comments from
43	the public about, or acting upon a matter over which the public body has jurisdiction or
44	advisory power.
45	(b) "Meeting" does not mean:
46	(i) a chance meeting;
47	(ii) a social meeting; [or]
48	(iii) the convening of a public body that has both legislative and executive
49	responsibilities where no public funds are appropriated for expenditure during the time the
50	public body is convened and:
51	(A) the public body is convened solely for the discussion or implementation of
52	administrative or operational matters for which no formal action by the public body is required;
53	or
54	(B) the public body is convened solely for the discussion or implementation of
55	administrative or operational matters that would not come before the public body for
56	discussion or action[-]; or
57	(iv) a meeting of the State Tax Commission to consider a confidential tax matter in

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58	accordance with Section 59-1-405.
59	(5) "Monitor" means to hear or observe, live, by audio or video equipment, all of the
60	public statements of each member of the public body who is participating in a meeting.
61	(6) "Participate" means the ability to communicate with all of the members of a public
62	body, either verbally or electronically, so that each member of the public body can hear or
63	observe the communication.
64	(7) (a) "Public body" means any administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body
65	of the state or its political subdivisions that:
66	(i) is created by the Utah Constitution, statute, rule, ordinance, or resolution;
67	(ii) consists of two or more persons;
68	(iii) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by tax revenue; and
69	(iv) is vested with the authority to make decisions regarding the public's business.
70	(b) "Public body" does not include a:
71	(i) political party, political group, or political caucus; or
72	(ii) conference committee, rules committee, or sifting committee of the Legislature.
73	(8) "Public statement" means a statement made in the ordinary course of business of
74	the public body with the intent that all other members of the public body receive it.
75	(9) (a) "Quorum" means a simple majority of the membership of a public body, unless
76	otherwise defined by applicable law.

- (b) "Quorum" does not include a meeting of two elected officials by themselves when no action, either formal or informal, is taken on a subject over which these elected officials
- 80 (10) "Recording" means an audio, or an audio and video, record of the proceedings of a 81 meeting that can be used to review the proceedings of the meeting.
- Section 2. Section **59-1-405** is enacted to read:
- 83 <u>59-1-405.</u> Commission consideration of confidential tax matters.
- 84 (1) As used in this section, "confidential tax matter" means:
- 85 (a) an offer in compromise;

have advisory power.

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86	(b) a private letter ruling;
87	(c) an appeal before the members of the commission;
88	(d) a tax matter if the disclosure of the tax matter is prohibited under:
89	(i) federal law;
90	(ii) Section 59-1-403; or
91	(iii) Section 59-1-404;
92	(e) a voluntary disclosure agreement; or
93	(f) a waiver request.
94	(2) Notwithstanding Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, the
95	commission may hold a meeting that is not open to the public to conduct a hearing on, discuss,
96	or take action on a confidential tax matter in accordance with the rules established as provided
97	under this section.
98	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
99	commission shall make rules:
100	(a) to establish procedures for holding a meeting that is not open to the public to
101	conduct a hearing on, discuss, or take action on a confidential tax matter; and
102	(b) except as provided in Subsection (4), to establish procedures and requirements for
103	keeping confidential minutes and a confidential recording of a meeting that is not open to the
104	<u>public.</u>
105	(4) For purposes of Subsection (3)(b), the commission is not required to make rules to
106	establish procedures and requirements for keeping confidential minutes and a confidential
107	recording of:
108	(a) an initial hearing to the extent provided in Section 59-1-502.5; or
109	(b) private analysis, contemplation, and discussion by members of the commission:
110	(i) in performing the judicial aspects of their duties; and
111	(ii) consistent with state case law.